

Biocide market: Trends for 2021+





## ABOUT US – Industries/Markets

admixtures) Metalworking fluids & Biocidal cleaners Upstream phase Lubricants **≰** Pigments Biocide-free

 Biocide-free

 Biocide-free

 Biocide-free

 Biocide-free

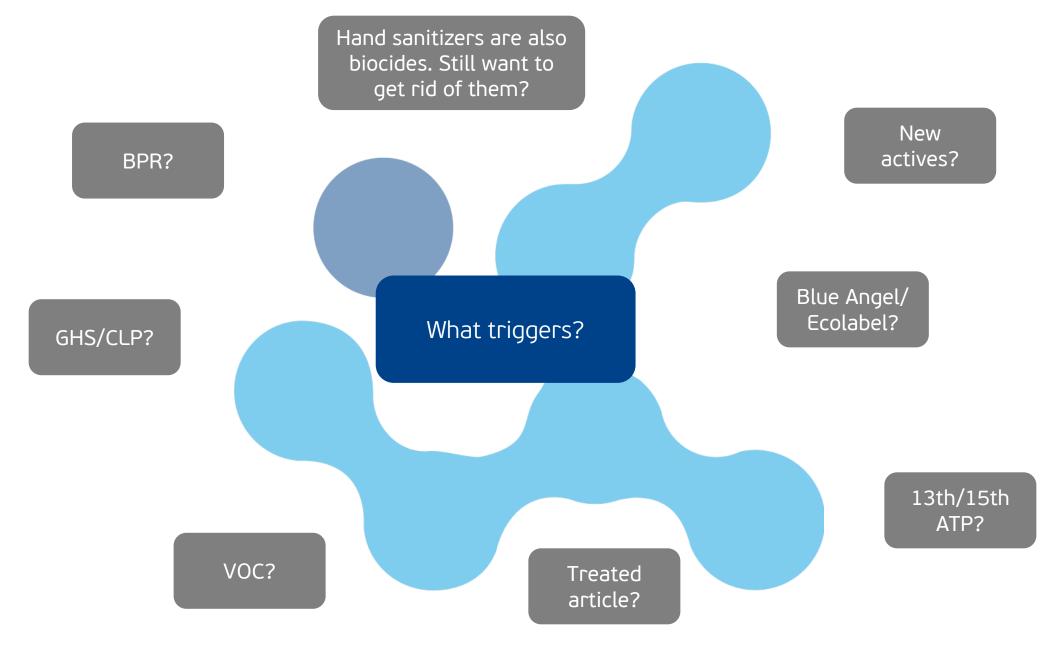
 Biocide-free Midstream phase cleaners Downstream phase Household & Industrial ★ Dispersion powder

■ The state of cleaning Textile & Leather Cosmetics Pulp & Paper SPECIALITY CHEMICALS OILFIELD & FUEL TREATMENT SYSTEM CLEANERS TECHNICAL BIOCIDES

## VINK CHEMICALS – WORLDWIDE









## TECHNICAL BIOCIDES APPLICATIONS & PRODUCT TYPES

	23		30			
PT	PT 13 Working or cutting fluid preservatives	PT 6 Preservatives for products during storage	PT 7 Film preservatives	PT 12 Slimicides	PT 11  Preservatives for liquid- cooling and processing systems	PT 13 & PT 2  Working or cutting fluid preservatives
Application	Metalworking fluids	<ul> <li>Household product and industrial cleaning</li> <li>Wet wipes (technical)</li> <li>Paints &amp; Coatings Industry</li> <li>Adhesive Industries</li> <li>Construction industry - concrete</li> </ul>	Dry Film Preservation	Pulp and paper production	<ul> <li>Processing Systems or cooling systems</li> <li>Water Treatment</li> </ul>	System Cleaner
7						

# **COUTLOOK** 2021+

Starting from March 1, 2022 when the implementation of the 15th adaptation to technical progress (ATP) comes into force Zinc Pyrithione (ZnPt), Octylisothiazolinone (OIT) and Dichloroctylisothiazolinone (DCOIT) will have a new classification and labelling.

In the case of ZnPt, the new classification means that normal public won't be able to access to it, so reduced market for DIY. Furthermore, it will be excluded from Ecolabelling. ZnPt is a potential candidate for elimination due to the reprotoxic criteria. It has definitely an unclear future beyond 2024.

Substance	No	ow	From 01/03/2022		
	H317	EU H208	H317	EU H208	
OIT	≥ 500 ppm	≥ 50 ppm	≥ 15 ppm	≥ 1.5 ppm	
DCOIT	≥ 10,000 ppm	≥ 1,000 ppm	≥ 15 ppm	≥ 1.5 ppm	
	H331: Toxi	c if inhaled	H330: Fatal if inhaled		
	n,	/a	If more than 0.3% H360D: May damage the unborn child		
ZnPt	n,	/a	H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged repeated exposure		
		ic to aquatic life r of 100	H400: Very toxic to aquatic life M-factor of 1,000		

# LABELLING LIMITS - STATUS QUO

Substance	H317	EU H208	EU Ecolabel Indoor and outdoor paints and varnishes	Blue Angel Label In-can Preservation
CMIT/MIT (3:1), MIT	≥ 15 ppm	≥ 1.5 ppm	15 ppm/Iso total < 500 ppm IN-CAN Total < 600 ppm	< 15 ppm
ВІТ	≥ 500 ppm	≥ 50 ppm	< 500 ppm IN-CAN Total < 600 ppm	10 ppm indoor; < 200ppm in 'low emission coatings'
*OIT	≥ 500 ppm	≥ 50 ppm	< 500 ppm IN-CAN Total < 600 ppm	< 2ppm (indoor)
*DCOIT	≥ 10,000 ppm	≥ 1,000 ppm	Dry film total < 0.1% Indoor Dry film total < 0.71% outdoor	< 2ppm (indoor)
IPBC	≥ 10,000 ppm	≥ 1,000 ppm	1,000 ppm indoor 6,500 ppm outdoor	< 80 ppm
Sodium Pyrithione	≥ 10,000 ppm	≥ 1,000 ppm	IN-CAN Total < 600 ppm	< 200 ppm
Bronopol	Non skin sensitizing	Non skin sensitizing	< 10 ppm Free FA IN-CAN Total < 600 ppm	< 200 ppm
*Zinc Pyrithione	Non Skin sensitizing	Non Skin sensitizing	500 ppm IN-CAN Total < 600 ppm	200 ppm



### FOCUS FOR FUTURE: PRODUCTION HYGIENE | OPTIMIZE USE OF BIOCIDES

Hygiene concepts for various industries to eradicate primary contaminations through fast decontamination of spoiled materials and equipment:

### Biocidal system cleaner

Products based on formaldehyde releasers, CMIT/MIT, Glutaraldehyde, BDA, BIT, NaPT or Phenoxyethanol.



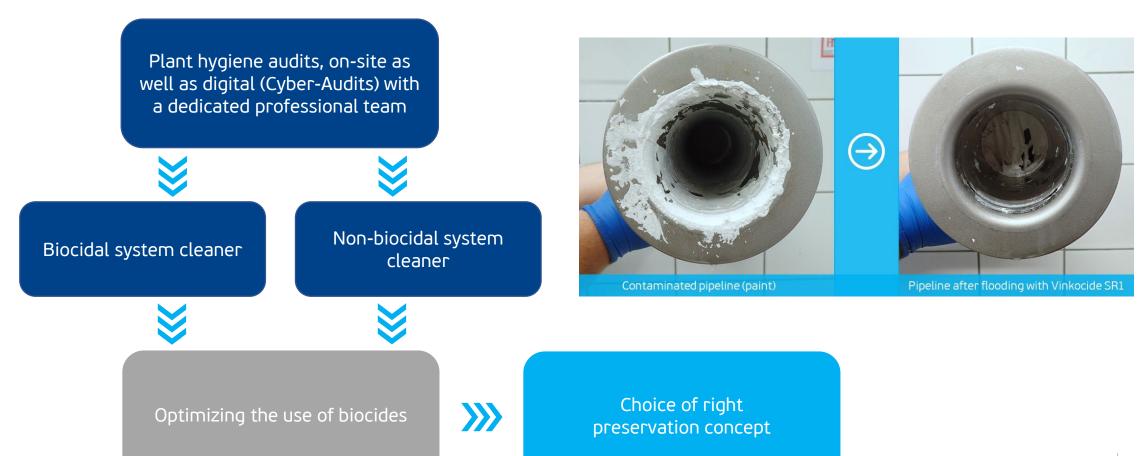
### Non-biocidal system cleaner

- Products designed to completely remove biofilms.
- Periodically used, it will prevent possible contamination because of left overs, dead microorganisms and cross contamination.
- Formulated with alkaline and/or acidic detergents (surfactants).



### FOCUS FOR FUTURE: PRODUCTION HYGIENE | OPTIMIZE USE OF BIOCIDES

The solution for a good preservation is not only to load with more or stronger biocides, but an optimal combination of good cleaning and the right biocide. We support our customers with an individual plant hygiene evaluation service:





## FOCUS FOR FUTURE: PRODUCTION HYGIENE | OPTIMIZE USE OF BIOCIDES

### THE CHOICE OF SYSTEM CLEANER

Product		grotanol® SR 2	grotanol® FF 1N	grotanol® 3025	Vinkoclean® SR1	Vinkoclean® SR3
	BIT					
	BDA					
	Na-Py					
Active ingredients	МВО					
	Glutaral					
	CMI/MI					
	Biocide-free					
Supported BPR* actives	PT 2					



### BIOCIDE-SOLUTIONS FOR THE FUTURE

Depending on your standards and type of customers for labelling requirements, and taken into consideration the characteristic of your products (pH, temperature, matrix, etc), we will help you to choose the right biocide:

#### Options for PT 6

- BIT
- CMIT/MIT
- CMIT/MIT + BIT
- CMIT/MIT + Bronopol
- CMIT/MIT + TMAD
- CMIT/MIT + TMAD + BIT
- CMIT/MIT + EDDM
- BIT + BDA
- BIT + MIT
- BIT + NaPt
- BIT + Bronopol
- BIT + MIT + Bronopol
- Phenoxyethanol

#### Options for PT 7

- OIT
- Carbendazim + Diuron
- Carbendazim + Diuron + OIT
- Terbutryn + ZnPt
- IPBC
- IPBC + OIT
- DCOIT



## WHAT ARE OUR SOLUTIONS? | SOME EXAMPLES

Products	ВІТ	CMIT/ MIT	MIT	BND	NaPt	ZnPt	BDA	TMAD
Vinkocide BIT family	Х							
Vinkocide CMI family		Х						
Vinkocide CMIK family	X	X						
Vinkocide CMIB family		X		X				
Vinkocide CMIF-N family		X						Х
Vinkocide KTL / KTL 55	X		X					
Vinkocide KTLB	X		X	X				
Vinkocide KTLN	X		X		X			
Vinkocide KN	X				X			
Vinkocide ZK 10	Х					Х		
Grotan BA 21	X						Х	
parmetol MBX	X		X				Х	
parmetol SBX	x				x		Х	

# **CONCLUSION**

Markets and industries are triggered by legislation. For Vink Chemicals, this is not a showstopper, but an opportunity to develop and offer products based on our extensive know-how and innovative ideas.

To manage the future of biocides, we will guide you proactively to...

- ...be prepared for the upcoming regulations through taking into consideration...
- ...the performance and compatibility of the preservatives and...
- ...by maintaining a good production hygiene.

## Q&A – FROM AUDIENCE & VINK

#### Difference NaPT vs Zpt ?

Due to its high water solubility, Sodium pyrithione is hardly compatible with PT7 end uses and is better suited for wetstate preservation. Zinc pyrithione can be used for both.

To an efficacy point of view in PT6 end-uses, both actives are almost on a similar performance level. They have to be stabilized in a proper way to prevent discolorations in presence of metallic ions.

From a regulatory point of view, the toxicities of both actives are nicely different. Zinc pyrithione will become a reprotoxic substance on March 2022 whereas the latest RAC opinion show no intention to label sodium pyrithione as reprotoxic. Even the aquatic acute toxicity is proposed for a different level with a M factor of 100 vs. 1000 for zinc pyrithione.

#### Carbedazim to be banned?

Carbendazim has been approved as an active substance for PT7 and PT10. Despite of its mutagenicity and its reprotoxicity, no unsafe use for professionals and amateurs end-users has been identified. However, the risk assessment for the substance reveals that the outdoor use of carbendazim containing paints pose an unacceptable risk to the environment. This will have to be taken into consideration for formulated products to lower the environmental risk.

The 17 ATP draft confirms the Mutagenicity and the Reprotoxicity of the active but also adds a skin sensitization 1 criteria. Acute and chronic M factors are set to 10 for both.

#### Labelling Zpt <300ppm?</li>

From 250 ppm, Zinc pyrithione triggers the H400 phrase if no other ingredient contributes. The substance triggers no labelling below 250 ppm.







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A Team with our Customers